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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/552,545	10/12/2005	Philippe Vincent	TFR0206	2552	
7550 0123/2508 Valco Climate Control Corp Intellectual Property Department 4100 North Atlantic Boulevard Auburn Hills, MI 48326			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			ROSATI, BRANDON MICHAEL		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			4114		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			01/23/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/552 545 VINCENT ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit BRANDON M. ROSATI 4114 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on 12 October 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claims 5-16 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a
multiple dependent claim cannot depend from any other multiple dependent claim. See MPEP

§ 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims 5-16 have not been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
 obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out

the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

 Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Valeo (French Pat. No. FR 2 526 932 A) in view of Martins (European Pat. No. EP 0 570 287 A1).

Regarding claim 1, Valeo discloses in Figure 1 a radiator for heating a motor vehicle (page 1, paragraph 1), comprising a first fluid box (i.e. radiator tank) (B), extending from a first front to a second front along a median plane, a heat exchanger bundle (i.e. beam of tubes) (11), extending along a median plane, and a fluid inlet tubing (i.e. connection) (15), projecting from the end of the fluid box (Page 2, paragraphs 5-11). However, Valeo does not disclose inclined tubing. However, Martins discloses an inlet tube (i.e. flexible tube) (14) in which the orientation (i.e. inclination) can be chosen by adjustment (Page 1, paragraph 7). Hence it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made, to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the teachings of Valeo with the adjustable inlet of Martins because the adjustability would allow for the radiator to fit better among other components within the engine.

Regarding claim 2, Martins discloses tubing that is offset towards a first side so as to achieve airtight contact between the radiator and heating unit box. It is noted that because the inlet tubing is flexible its orientation can be easily adjusted to accommodate the limitations of the claim.

Regarding claim 3, Martins discloses a first part of the inlet tube inclined with respect to ch median plane. It is noted that because the inlet tubing is flexible its orientation can be easily adjusted to accommodate the limitations of the claim.

Regarding claim 4, Martins discloses a first part of the tubing inclined towards the first side of the median plane. It is noted that because the inlet tubing is flexible its orientation can be easily adjusted to accommodate the limitations of the claim.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Demuth et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,202,741 B2) discusses a heat exchanger for a vehicle.

Chikuma et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,450,253 B1) discusses a heat exchanger for a vehicle.

 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRANDON M. ROSATI whose telephone number is (571)270-3536. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am-4:30pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joe Cheng can be reached on (571)-272-4433. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

BMR 1/15/2008 /Joe H Cheng/ Supervisory Patent Examiner Art Unit 4114